Lovibond® Water Testing

Tintometer® Group



Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS (HazCom 2012)

Printing date 08/22/2023 Reviewed on 08/22/2023

1 Identification

· Product identifier

· Trade name: CYA HR TEST

· Catalogue number: 00511431, 00511439BT, 511430BT, 511431BT

· Application of the substance / the mixture: Reagent for water analysis

· Manufacturer/Supplier:

Tintometer Inc. 6456 Parkland Drive Sarasota, FL 34243 USA

phone: (941) 756-6410 fax: (941) 727-9654 www.lovibond.us Made in Germany

· Emergency telephone number: + 1 866 928 0789 (English, French, Spanish)

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS08 Health hazard

Carcinogenicity 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2 H373 May cause damage to the urinary tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS07

Eye Irritation 2A H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- · Label elements
- · GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Hazard Communication Standard (HCS).
- · Hazard pictograms





GHS07

GHS08

- · Signal word Warning
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

melamine

· Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to the urinary tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

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· Other hazards No further relevant information available.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of organic and inorganic compounds
- · Composition and Information on Ingredients:

Percent ranges are used due to the confidential product information.

CAS: 77-92-9 EINECS: 201-069-1 Index number: 607-750-00-3 RTECS: GE 7350000	citric acid	10–<20%
CAS: 108-78-1 EINECS: 203-615-4 Index number: 613-345-00-2 RTECS: OS0700000	melamine © Carcinogenicity 2, H351; Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2, H373	2.5–5%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact: Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

Consult a doctor.

 \cdot Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

irritations

after inhalation:

mucosal irritations, cough, breathing difficulty

after swallowing:

thirst

sickness

vomiting

gastric or intestinal disorders

· Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product is in tablet form not flammable.

mixture with combustible ingredients

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

nitrous gases

Ammonia (NH₃)

Hydrogen cyanide (prussic acid HCN)

Nitrogen oxides (NÖx)

Sulfur oxides (SOx)

Phosphorus oxides (PxOx)

Potassium oxide

Sodium oxide

- Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

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· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

6 Accidental release measures

- · Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- · Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

- · Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Pick up mechanically.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

· Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- · Precautions for safe handling
- · Advice on safe handling: No special precautions are necessary if used correctly.
- · Hygiene measures:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Store protective clothing separately.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from oxidizing agents.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Store locked up or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Ensure that persons do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from exposure to the light.

Store in dry conditions.

Protect from humidity and water.

- Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C (approx. 68°F)
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Control parameters
- Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

The following constituent is the only constituent of the product which has a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit.

CAS: 108-78-1 melamine

WEEL (USA) Long-term value: 3 mg/m³

OARS WEEL

EL (Canada) IARC 2B

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

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· Personal protective equipment:

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

- · Breathing equipment: Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fume/dust/aerosol.
- · Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P3
- · Protection of hands:

Protective gloves

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm

Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level \leq 1 (10 min)

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye protection: Safety glasses

Use protective goggles that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards (like NIOSH).

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

9 Physical and chemical properties

· Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:

Form / Physical state:
Color:
Odor:
Odorless
Odor threshold:
Not applicable.

• pH-value at 20°C (68°F): 6.26

Melting point/freezing point:
 Initial boiling point and boiling range:
 Flash point:
 Not determined.
 Not determined.

· Flammability (solid, gas): mixture with combustible ingredients

Auto igniting: Not applicable (solid).
 Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· **Auto-ignition temperature:** Product is not self-igniting.

• Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Flammability or explosive limits:

Lower:Not applicable.Upper:Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties: none

Vapor Pressure:
 Density at 20°C (68°F):
 Not applicable (solid).
 ~1.77 g/cm³ (~14.77 lbs/gal)

Relative density: Not determined.
Vapor density: Not applicable.
Evaporation rate: Not applicable.

· Solubility(ies)

· Water: Soluble.

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable (mixture).

Viscosity:Kinematic:Not applicable (solid).

Other information
Solids content: 100 %

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

• Corrosive to metals Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity see section "Possibility of hazardous reactions"
- · Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions

Aqueous solution reacts with metals.

Reacts with acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents.

Reacts with reducing agents.

--> Forms heat.

Citric acid: Incompatible with bases, strong oxidizing agents, amines. Contact with metal nitrates causes explosion hazard.

Attacks aluminum, copper, zinc and their alloys - in case of moisture.

Reacts with ammonia (NH₃).

- Conditions to avoid Strong heating (decomposition)
- · Incompatible materials:

metals

- aluminum, copper, zinc, metal ions
- Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:				
CAS: 7	CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid			
Oral	LD50	3000 mg/kg (rat) (IUCLID)		
Dermal		>2000 mg/kg (rat) (limit test: there were no deaths)		
CAS: 108-78-1 melamine		melamine		
Oral	LD50	3161 mg/kg (rat) (Registrant, ECHA)		
Dermal	LD50.	>1000 mg/kg (rabbit) (Registrant, ECHA)		

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · on the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · on the eye: Causes serious eye irritation.
- · Information on components:

Citric acid: A single drop of a 2% or 5% solution in water causes little or no irritation.

A 0.5% solution held in contact with the eye causes irreversible tissue damage to the cornea.

Citric Acid caused mild irritation when 500 mg was tested on rabbit skin in a 24-hour test.

(CHEMINFO, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety)

CAS: 77-92-9 citric aci	CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid		
Irritation of skin OECD	04 (rabbit: no irritation)		
Irritation of eyes OECD	92 (rabbit: severe irritations)		

· Sensitization: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Constitution. Dasca on available data, the diassinuation offend are not met.		
· Information on components:		
CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid		
Sensitization OECD 406 (guinea pig: negative) (EPA OPP 81-6: Guinea pig maximisation test)		

- · Carcinogenic categories
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

CAS 108-78-1: Prolonged/repeated exposure of high oral doses can lead to the formation of urinary tract crystals and calculi from which tumors may be developed (sufficient evidence in experimental animals)

CAS: 999-99-9 one or more ingredient(s) Group 3: Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans		
CAS: 108-78-1	melamine	2B

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· NTP (National Toxicology Program)

CAS: 108-78-1 melamine

3 (equivocal evidence)

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Other information: see section 8 / 15
- · Synergistic Products: None
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction):

The following statements refer to the mixture:

Carcinogenicity 2

- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure

May cause damage to the urinary tract through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Information on components:

OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing

OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing

OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing

CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

OECD 471 (negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test)

· Additional toxicological information:

CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

. (source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects:

Acute: Irritant effect on the eyes and upper respiratory tract; no evidence of systemic toxic effects under occupationally relevant exposure conditions

chronic: irritative effects on mucous membranes and skin.

Enamel damage, dermatitis (Merck)

Further information:

Depending on the pH value, dust or concentrated aqueous solutions are highly irritating to corrosive to the eye.

12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

TOXICITY

· Aquatic toxicity: CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

EC50 ~120 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (72 h)

(IUCLID)

EC5 485 mg/l (Entosiphon sulcatum) (72h)

(MERCK)

LC50 440-760 mg/l/96h (gold orfe)

(IUCLID)

CAS: 108-78-1 melamine

LC50 >500 mg/l/48h (gold orfe)

Bacterial toxicity:

CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

EC5 >10000 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida) (16h (Lit.))

· Persistence and degradability

CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

OECD 301 B 97 % / 28 d (readily biodegradable) (CO2 Evolution Test)

OECD 302 B 98 % / 2 d (readily eliminated from water) (Zahn-Wellens / EMPA Test)

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· Bioaccumulative potential

Pow = n-octanol/wasser partition coefficient

log Pow < 1 = Does not accumulate in organisms.

CAS: 77-92-9 citric acid

log Pow | -1.72 (.) (OECD 117, 20°C)

- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- Other adverse effects

Depending on the concentration, phosphorus and/or nitrogen compounds may contribute to the eutrophication of water supplies. Avoid transfer into the environment.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to hazardous waste disposers.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

14 Transport information

· UN-Number · DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
UN proper shipping name	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA · Class	none
· Packing group · DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
· Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/7 and the IBC Code	78 Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

15 Regulatory information

- · Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Sara
- Section 355 (Extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All components have the value ACTIVE.

· Hazardous Air Pollutants

None of the ingredients is listed.

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· Proposition 65

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

New Jersey Right-to-Know List:

None of the ingredients is listed.

New Jersey Special Hazardous Substance List:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List:

CAS: 108-78-1 melamine

· Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List:

CAS: 108-78-1 melamine

Ε

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Information about limitation of use:

Observe national regulations where applicable:

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed.

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- · Recommended restriction of use: professional/industrial use only
- · Version number / date of revision: 5 / 08/22/2023
- Abbreviations and acronyms:

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure

RE: repeated exposure EC50: half maximal effective concentration

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ACGIH® - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

•A1 - Confirmed human carcinogen

•A2 - Suspected human carcinogen

•A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

•A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

•A5 - Not suspected as a human carcinogen

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
•Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

•Group 2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans

•Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

•Group 3 - Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans

•Group 4 - Probably not carcinogenic to humans NTP - National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

•Group K - Known to be Human Carcinogens

•Group R - Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogens

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

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DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health

TLV: Threshold Limit Value
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

Eye Irritation 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A
Carcinogenicity 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

· Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database)

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

* Data compared to the previous version altered.

US-