Tintometer[®] Group Water Testing



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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 15.05.2024 Version number 35 (replaces version 34) Revision: 15.05.2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: Sulfide No.2
- · Catalog number: 00512941, 00502940, SDT618, 502940
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Reagent for water analysis
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Supplier:

Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

phone: +49 (0)231 94510-0 e-mail: sales@lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond® House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

phone: +44 1980 664800 e-mail: SDS@lovibond.uk

- · Informing department: e-mail: sds@lovibond.com Product Safety Department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

+44 1235 239670 Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS08 health hazard

Muta. 1B H340 May cause genetic defects.

Carc. 1B H350 May cause cancer.

Repr. 1B H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.



GHS05 corrosion

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

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· Hazard pictograms

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· Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labelling:

sodium bisulfate boric acid

potassium dichromate potassium chromate

Hazard statements

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P310 IF exposed or concerned: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P405 Store locked up.

Additional information:

EUH208 Contains potassium dichromate, potassium chromate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Restricted to professional users.

· 2.3 Other hazards No further relevant information available.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture consisting of the following components.
- · Dangerous components:

The percent content of the chromium compound mentioned below refers to the amount of chromate ions dissolved in water.

CAS: 7681-38-1 EINECS: 231-665-7 Index No: 016-046-00-X Reg.nr.: 01-2119552465-36-XXXX	sodium bisulfate September 2	60–70%
CAS: 10043-35-3 EINECS: 233-139-2 Index No: 005-007-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119486683-25-XXXX	boric acid Repr. 1B, H360FD	10–20%
CAS: 124-04-9 EINECS: 204-673-3 Index No: 607-144-00-9 Reg.nr.: 01-2119457561-38-XXXX	adipic acid ♣ Eye Irrit. 2, H319	10–20%

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		(Contd. of page 2		
CAS: 7778-50-9 EINECS: 231-906-6	potassium dichromate	0.1-<0.25%		
Index No: 024-002-00-6	Ox. Sol. 2, H272; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 2, H330; Resp. Sens. 1, H334; Muta. 1B, H340; Carc. 1B, H350; Repr. 1B, H360FD; STOT			
	⟨ RE 1. H372: ♠ Skin Corr. 1B. H314: ♠ Aquatic Acute 1. H400 (M=1):			
J	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1); ↑ Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Sens. 1, H317 Specific concentration limit: STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 5 %			
CAS: 7789-00-6	potassium chromate	0.1-<0.25%		
EINECS: 232-140-5 Index No: 024-006-00-8	Muta. 1B, H340; Carc. 1B, H350i; Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10); Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin			
	Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335 Specific concentration limits Skip Sens. 1, H317; C > 0.5 %			
	Specific concentration limit: Skin Sens. 1; H317: C ≥ 0.5 %			
·SVHC				
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	boric acid			
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dich	potassium dichromate			
CAS: 7789-00-6 potassium chro	potassium chromate			
· SVHC (UK)				
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	boric acid			
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dich	potassium dichromate			
CAS: 7789-00-6 potassium chro	potassium chromate			

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation

Supply fresh air.

Seek medical treatment.

· After skin contact

Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Seek medical treatment.

· After eye contact

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water.

Call a doctor immediately.

· After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

Call a doctor immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation and corrosion

allergic reactions

absorption

after inhalation:

mucosal irritations, cough, shortness of breath

after swallowing:

sickness

vomiting

diarrhoea

after absorption of large amounts:

fatigue

cardiovascular disorders

CNS disorders

ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination)

unconsciousness

methaemoglobinaemia

· Danger

Danger of system failure.

Danger of pulmonary oedema.

risk of airways sensitization

risk of skin sensitization

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs

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Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product is not combustible.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Can be released in case of fire:

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Sulphur oxides (SOx)

chromium trioxide

Sodium oxide

Dipotassium oxide

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

- Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

Inform respective authorities in case product reaches water or sewage system.

· 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Collect mechanically.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- · Advice on safe handling: Provide suction extractors if dust is formed.
- · Hygiene measures:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Store protective clothing separately.

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from flammable substances.

Store away from oxidising agents.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

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Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.

Protect from the effects of light.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

This product is hygroscopic.

- · Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Components with limit v	· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:			
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassiu	CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate			
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.01 0.025* mg/m³ as Cr; Carc, Sen, BMGV; *process generated			
BOELV (European Union)	Long-term value: 0.005; 0.01*; 0.025** mg/m³ as Cr;*until 01/17/2025**processes generating fume			
CAS: 7789-00-6 potassiu	m chromate			
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 0.01 0.025* mg/m³ as Cr; Carc, Sen, BMGV; *process generated			
BOELV (European Union)	Long-term value: 0.005; 0.01*; 0.025** mg/m³ as Cr;*until 01/17/2025**processes generating fume			

· Regulatory information

WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020

BOELV (European Union): EU 2022/431

· DNELs

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAS: 1004	43-35-3	boric acid
Oral	DNEL	0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
		0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Dermal	DNEL	392 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		196 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Inhalative	DNEL	8.3 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		4.15 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
CAS: 124-	-04-9 ad	dipic acid
Oral	DNEL	19 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
		19 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Dermal	DNEL	38 mg/kg (Worker / acute / systemic effects)
		38 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		19 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
		19 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Inhalative	DNEL	5 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / local effects)
		264 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / systemic effects)
		5 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term / local effects)
		264 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		65 mg/m³ (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
		65 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)

Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

· PNECs

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

CAS: 1	10043-35-3 boric acid
PNEC	10 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
	2.02 mg/l (Marine water)

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(Contd. of page 5) 13.7 mg/l (Aguatic intermittent release) 2.02 mg/l (Fresh water) PNEC 5.4 mg/kg (Soil) CAS: 124-04-9 adipic acid PNEC 59.1 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant) 0.0126 mg/l (Marine water) 0.46 mg/l (Aquatic intermittent release) 0.126 mg/l (Fresh water) PNEC 0.0228 mg/kg (Soil) 0.0484 mg/kg (Marine sediment) 0.484 mg/kg (Fresh water sediment) Ingredients with biological limit values: CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate BMGV (Great Britain) 10 µmol/mol creatinine Medium: urine Sampling time: post shift Parameter: chromium CAS: 7789-00-6 potassium chromate BMGV (Great Britain) 10 µmol/mol creatinine Medium: urine Sampling time: post shift

Regulatory information BMGV (Great Britain): EH40/2011

Parameter: chromium

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

Eye/face protection

Tightly sealed safety glasses.

Use safety glasses that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards such as EN 166.

Hand protection

Protective gloves.

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Material of gloves

nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: \geq 0.11 mm

Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min)

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Other skin protection (body protection): Protective work clothing.

· Breathing equipment:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use breathing filter apparatus. In case of intensive or longer exposure use breathing apparatus that is independent of circulating air.

- · Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P3
- · Environmental exposure controls Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

- 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · Physical state Solid.
- · Form: Tablets
- · Colour: White

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Product name: Sulfide No.2

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Odour:
 Odour threshold:
 Melting point/Freezing point:
 Odourless
 Not applicable.
 Not determined.

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Not determined.

• Flammability The product is not combustible. • Explosive properties: Product is not explosive.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.

Flash point: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable (solid).

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

· pH (11.1 g/l) at 20°C 1.7

· Kinematic viscosity Not applicable (solid).

· Solubility

· Water: Soluble

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not applicable (mixture).

· Vapour pressure: Not applicable.

· Density and/or relative density

Density at 20°C:
Relative density:
Not determined.
Relative gas density
Not applicable (solid).
Particle characteristics
Not determined.

· 9.2 Other information

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Corrosive to metals Void

· Other safety characteristics

Oxidising properties: none

Additional information

· Solids content: 100 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity see section 10.3

· 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Aqueous solution reacts with metals.

Forms hydrogen in aqueous solution with metals

Liberates acid in contact with water or alcohol.

Reacts with strong alkalis and oxidizing agents.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

metals

steel

iron

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:				
CAS: 768	1-38-1 sod	lium bisulfate		
Oral	LD50	2490 mg/kg (rat) (IUCLID)		
Dermal	LD50.	>2000 mg/kg (rabbit)		

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Product name: Sulfide No.2

		(Contd. of page
CAS: 100	43-35-3 bo	ric acid
Oral	LD50	2660 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (GESTIS, ECHA registrant)
Dermal	LD50.	>2000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA, registrant: no deaths occurred.)
	LD₀	1500 mg/kg (child) (MERCK)
	NOAEL	9.6 mg/kg (rat) (NTP)
CAS: 124-	-04-9 adipi	c acid
Oral	LD50	5700 mg/kg (rat) (MERCK)
Dermal	LD50	>7940 mg/kg (rabbit) (Registrant, ECHA: no deaths occurred)
CAS: 7778	8-50-9 pota	ssium dichromate
Oral	LD50	90.5 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (ECHA, registrant: LD50 = 90.5 mg/kg female to 168.0 mg/kg male)
	LDLo	26 mg/kg (child)
		143 mg/kg (man)
Dermal	LD50	1170 mg/kg (rat) (IUCLID)
Inhalative	LC50/4h	0.094 mg/l (rat) (OECD 403, Aerosol)
	LD50 IPR	28 mg/kg (rat)
CAS: 7789	9-00-6 pota	ssium chromate
Oral	LD50.	180 mg/kg (mouse)

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Risk of corneal clouding.

Risk of corneal cloud	iulig.			
· Information on cor	· Information on components:			
CAS: 7681-38-1 so	dium bisı	ulfate		
Irritation of skin OE	ECD 404	(rabbit: no irritation)		
Irritation of eyes OE	ECD 405	(rabbit: severe irritations)		
CAS: 10043-35-3 bo	oric acid			
Irritation of skin OE		(rabbit: no irritation) (Registrant, ECHA)		
Irritation of eyes OE	ECD 405	(rabbit: slight irritation)		
CAS: 124-04-9 adip	pic acid			
Irritation of skin OE	ECD 404	(rabbit: no irritation)		
Irritation of eyes OE	ECD 405	(rabbit: severe irritations)		
CAS: 7778-50-9 po	CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate			
Irritation of skin OE	ECD 404	(rabbit: irritation)		

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Information on components:

CAS 7778-50-9: Sensitizing effect by inhalation and skin contact is possible by prolonged exposure.

		J ,		71 3	<u>'</u>	
CAS: 10043-	35-3 boric a	cid				
Sensitisation	OECD 406	(guinea pig: nega	tive)			
CAS: 124-04	-9 adipic aci	d				
Sensitisation	OECD 406	(guinea pig: nega (IUCLID)	tive)			
CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate						
Sensitisation	Patch test (I	numan) (positive) (IUCLID)				

- $\cdot \ \textbf{Germ cell mutagenicity} \ \text{May cause genetic defects}.$
- · Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

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· Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

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· Information on components:

OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing

OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing

OLOD +7 1,	CLOB 471, 474, 470, 407. Germ deli matagementy testing				
CAS: 1004	CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid				
OECD 471	(negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test)				
OECD 476	(negative) (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) (mouse lymphomea test)				
OECD 414	(negative) (oral, rat) (ECHA, registrant: no evidence of developmental toxicity up to 55 mg/kg bw. At 76 mg/kg bw there was reduced fetal bodyweight, short and wavy ribs, and these effects disappeared during the postnatal period.)				
OECD 474	(negative) (in vivo, mice)				
CAS: 124-0	04-9 adipic acid				
OECD 471	(negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test) (IUCLID)				
OECD 474	(negative) (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)				

- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Information on likely routes of exposure

"Under occupational conditions, the main intake pathway for boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) proceeds via the respiratory tract. Furthermore, the uptake of the solid or its concentrated solutions should be expected following contact with damaged or inflamed skin." (GESTIS)

The main route of absorption for potassium (di)chromate is through the respiratory tract. Soluble chromates are absorbed relatively quickly through the lungs.

In case of extensive skin contact, especially with injured skin, life-threatening doses can be absorbed. Organic solvents or oils promote absorption.

· Additional toxicological information:

CAS 7789-00-6 Potassium chromate / CAS 7778-50-9 Potassium dichromate

Main toxic effects [GESTIS]:

acute: irritation/damage to mucous membranes and skin, sensitizing effect (skin/respiratory tract). Damage to kidneys, blood and liver.

chronic: irritation/damage to the skin and mucous membranes, especially in the nose and throat. After penetration of the substance into wounds, these tend to form ulcers.

Allergic skin and respiratory diseases.

resorptive effects: primarily damage to the kidneys up to acute kidney failure; in addition, hemorrhagic diathesis,

thrombocytopenia, anemia, possibly methemoglobinemia;

rarely: rapid onset of CNS damage or hepatitis as a late consequence; also promoting respiratory infections.

CAS 10043-35-5: Absorption through gastro-intestinal tract, mucous membranes

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

. (source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects:

Acute: Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin; gastrointestinal disturbances, CNS-effects and (later) skin damage after massive poisoning

Chronic: Irritation to the mucous membranes following inhalative exposure, effects to the gastrointestinal tract and CNS

Further Information (Merck):

"Toxicity reported for borates in humans: ingestion or absorption may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, anderythematous lesions on the skin and mucous membranes.

Other symptoms include: circulatory collapse, tachycardia, cyanosis, delirium, convulsions, and coma.

Death has been reported to occur in infants from less than 5 grams and in adults from 5 to 20 grams."

"Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence"

· 11.2 Information on other hazards

· Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

Other information

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

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According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

12.110	•
•	c toxicity:
	681-38-1 sodium bisulfate
EC50	190 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (IUCLID)
CAS: 1	0043-35-3 boric acid
EC50	133 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (ECOTOX)
LC50	50–100 mg/l/96h (rainbow trout) (ECOTOX)
CAS: 1	24-04-9 adipic acid
LC50	511 mg/l/48h (gold orfe)
EC50	86 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)
IC50	31 mg/l/72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (IUCLID)
LC50	97 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow) (ECOTOX)
CAS: 7	778-50-9 potassium dichromate
EC50	0.62 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202) (Merck)
NOEC	0.016–0.064 mg/l (Daphnia magna) (7d)
	6 mg/l (fathhead minnow) (7d)
IC50	0.16–0.59 mg/l/96 h (Chlorella vulgaris) (IUCLID)
EC50	0.31 mg/l/72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus)
LC50	58.5 mg/l/96h (byr)
	0.131 mg/l/96h (bluegill)
	160 mg/l/96h (guppy)
	26.13 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow) (Merck/IUCLID)
CAS: 7	789-00-6 potassium chromate
EC50	0.02 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (Ecotox)
	0.18 mg/l/48h (Daphnia pulex)
LC50	39.8 mg/l/96h (fathhead minnow) (ECOTOX)

Bacterial toxicity:

sulphates toxic > 2.5 g/l

CAS: 7681-38-1 sodium bisulfate

EC10 >1000 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida) (16 h)

CAS: 124-04-9 adipic acid

EC50 92 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida) (DIN 38412) (IUCLID)

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate

EC50 58 mg/l (Photobacterium phosphoreum) (30 min; Microtox-Test)

Other information:

Toxic for fish:

Sulphates > 7 g/l

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability

CAS: 124-04-9 adipic acid

OECD 301 B 100 % / 28 d (readily biodegradable) (CO2 Evolution Test)

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· 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Pow = n-octanol/wasser partition coefficient

log Pow < 1 = Does not accumulate in organisms.

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

log Pow -1.09 (.) (OECD 107, 22°C)

(Merck)

CAS: 124-04-9 adipic acid

log Pow 0.081 (.) (25°C, OECD 107)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate

BCF 17.4 (rainbow trout)

- 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

- · 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects Avoid transfer into the environment.
- · Water hazard:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system, even in small quantities.

Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue

16 05 06* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

- Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

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· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA	
· Class	Void
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	
· Marine pollutant:	No
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO	
instruments	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Poisons Act UK
- · Regulated explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

- Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated
- Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)

CAS: 7778-50-9 potassium dichromate CAS: 7789-00-6 potassium chromate

- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57 see item 3 SVHC
- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH see item 3 SVHC
- · Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):
- Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 28, 29, 30, 47, 72
- · Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC).

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed (92/85/EEC).

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship

This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

· Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Relevant phrases

May intensify fire; oxidiser. H272

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin. H312

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

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(Contd. of page 12) H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H340 May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. H350 H350i May cause cancer by inhalation. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Abbreviations and acronyms: IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO) EC50: effective concentration, 50 percent (in vivo)
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development STOT: specific target organ toxicity SE: single exposure RE: repeated exposure EC50: half maximal effective concentration IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (ÚK REACH) LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Ox. Sol. 2: Oxidizing solids – Category 2
Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity – Category 3
Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Acute Tox. 2: Acute toxicity – Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2 Resp. Sens. 1: Respiratory sensitisation - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1: Skin sensitisation - Category 1 Muta. 1B: Germ cell mutagenicity – Category 1B Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3 STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 1 Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard - Category 3

Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu

ECOTOX Database

IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database)

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

* Data compared to the previous version altered.