Tintometer[®] Group Water Testing



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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 23.04.2024 Version number 32 (replaces version 31) Revision: 23.04.2024

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: Sulfate No.2
- · Catalog number: 00515231, 515230BT, 4515230BT, 515231BT, 4515231BT, 00515239
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Reagent for water analysis
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Supplier:

Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond® House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

· Informing department: e-mail: sds@lovibond.com Product Safety Department

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

+44 1235 239670 Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS08 health hazard

Repr. 1B H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.



GHS07

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms





GHS07 G

· Signal word Danger

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Product name: Sulfate No.2

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

disodium tetraborate, anhydrous

boric acid

· Hazard statements

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 Store locked up.

· Additional information:

Restricted to professional users.

· 2.3 Other hazards No further relevant information available.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of organic and inorganic compounds

· Dangerous components:			
CAS: 1330-43-4	disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	50–60%	
EINECS: 215-540-4	Repr. 1B, H360FD; Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
Index No: 005-011-00-4			
Reg.nr.: 01-2119490790-32-XXXX			
CAS: 10043-35-3	boric acid	0.3–≤2.5%	
EINECS: 233-139-2			
Index No: 005-007-00-2			
Reg.nr.: 01-2119486683-25-XXXX			
· SVHC			
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous			
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid			
· SVHC (UK)			
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous			
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid			
· Additional information For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.			

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation

Supply fresh air.

Get medical advice/attention.

After skin contact

Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

Get medical advice/attention.

· After eye contact Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water. Then consult doctor.

After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

Seek medical treatment.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

irritations absorption

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(Contd. of page 2)

after inhalation:

mucosal irritations, cough, shortness of breath

after swallowing:

sickness

vomiting

diarrhoea

after absorption of large amounts:

cardiovascular disorders

fatigue

CNS disorders

ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination)

cramps

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product is not combustible.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Can be released in case of fire:

Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO₂)

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

- · Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Collect mechanically.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- · Advice on safe handling: Provide suction extractors if dust is formed.
- · Hygiene measures:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Store protective clothing separately.

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in cool location.

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Product name: Sulfate No.2

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- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: see chapter 10
- Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from the effects of light.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

- · Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:		
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous		
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 1 mg/m³	
CAS: 9004-34-6 cellulose		
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 20* mg/m³ Long-term value: 10* 4** mg/m³ *inhalable dust **respirable	

- Regulatory information WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020
- · DNEL c

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous Oral DNEL 0.17 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
(Expressed as Boron)
0.47 mayligg (Companyon / John towns / systems of offsets)
0.17 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
Dermal DNEL 68 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
34.3 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
Inhalative DNEL 2.52 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
2.52 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
1.45 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
2.52 mg/m³ (Consumer / acute / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
2.52 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
0.73 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid
Oral DNEL 0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Dermal DNEL 392 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
196 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Inhalative DNEL 8.3 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
4.15 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)

· Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

· PNECs

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

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	(Contd. of page 4)
CAS: 1	l330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous
PNEC	10 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant) (Expressed as Boron)
	2.9 mg/l (Marine water) (Expressed as Boron)
	13.7 mg/l (Aquatic intermittent release) (Expressed as Boron)
	2.9 mg/l (Fresh water) (Expressed as Boron)
PNEC	5.7 mg/kg (Soil) (Expressed as Boron)
CAS: 1	0043-35-3 boric acid
PNEC	10 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
	2.02 mg/l (Marine water)
	13.7 mg/l (Aquatic intermittent release)
	2.02 mg/l (Fresh water)

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls

PNEC 5.4 mg/kg (Soil)

· Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

· Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses

Use safety glasses that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards such as EN 166.

Hand protection

Protective gloves.

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Material of gloves

nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: $\geq 0.11 \text{ mm}$

· Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min)

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- · Other skin protection (body protection): Protective work clothing.
- · Breathing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- · Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P3
- · Environmental exposure controls Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

 \cdot 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state
Form:
Colour:
Odour:
Odour threshold:
Melting point/Freezing point:
Solid.
Tablets
pink
Odourless
Not applicable.
Not determined

Melting point/Freezing point:
 Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Not determined.

Flammability The product is not combustible.

Explosive properties: Product is not explosive.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: Not applicable.

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	(Contd. of page 5
Upper:	Not applicable (solid).
Flash point:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable (solid).
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
pH at 20°C	9.2
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable (solid).
Solubility	
· Water:	Partially insoluble.
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not applicable (mixture).
Vapour pressure:	Not applicable (solid).
Density and/or relative density	
· Density:	Not determined.
Relative density:	Not determined.
Relative gas density	Not applicable (solid).
Particle characteristics	Not determined.
· 9.2 Other information	
Information with regard to physical hazard classes	
· Corrosive to metals	Void
Other safety characteristics	
Oxidising properties:	none
Additional information	
· Solids content:	100 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity see section 10.3
- · 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with acids

Reacts with strong oxidizing agents

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Strong heating (decomposition)
- 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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· LD/LC5	· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:		
CAS: 10	CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid		
Oral	LD50	2660 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (GESTIS, ECHA registrant)	
Dermal	LD50.	>2000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA, registrant: no deaths occurred.)	
	LD₀	1500 mg/kg (child) (MERCK)	
	NOAEL	9.6 mg/kg (rat) (NTP)	

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eve damage/irritation Causes serious eve irritation.

Information on components:		
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous		
Irritation of skin		(rabbit: no irritation) (Registrant, ECHA, Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate)
Irritation of eyes	OECD 405	(rabbit: irritation)

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Product name: Sulfate No.2

(Contd. of page 6) CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid (rabbit: no irritation) Irritation of skin OFCD 404 (Registrant, ECHA) Irritation of eyes OECD 405 (rabbit: slight irritation)

· Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on components:

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

Sensitisation OECD 406 (guinea pig: negative)

- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

· Information on components:

[GESTIS] CAS 1330-43-4 Borax:

Reproductive Toxicity:

Numerous studies on different species have been carried out with boric acid and borates. From this it was concluded that reproductive toxicity appears to be the critical effect. mutagenicity:

Borates and boric acid did not show any genotoxic effects in a series of microbiological investigations and tests on cell preparations that have been carried out to date, as well as in an in-vivo test.

Carcinogenicity:

A previous carcinogenicity study on rats and mice with boric acid (oral application) gave no indication of a carcinogenic potential of boric acid or borates.

OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing

OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing

CAS:	10043	-35-3	horic	acid

O/10. 100±1	o o o borro dola
OECD 471	(negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test)
	(negative) (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) (mouse lymphomea test)
	(negative) (oral, rat) (ECHA, registrant: no evidence of developmental toxicity up to 55 mg/kg bw. At 76 mg/kg bw there was reduced fetal bodyweight, short and wavy ribs, and these effects disappeared during the postnatal period.)
OECD 474	(negative) (in vivo, mice)

- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Information on likely routes of exposure

"Under occupational conditions, the main intake pathway for boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) proceeds via the respiratory tract. Furthermore, the uptake of the solid or its concentrated solutions should be expected following contact with damaged or inflamed skin." (GESTIS)

Inhalation of dusts is the main route of exposure in the manufacture and commercial use of borax. Additional absorption through the skin cannot be ruled out, but only if this organ is previously damaged. [GESTIS]

Additional toxicological information:

CAS 1330-43-4/ 10043-35-3: Absorption through gastro-intestinal tract, mucous membranes

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

(source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects:

Acute: Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin; gastrointestinal disturbances, CNS-effects and (later) skin damage after massive poisoning

Chronic: Irritation to the mucous membranes following inhalative exposure, effects to the gastrointestinal tract and CNS

Further Information (Merck):

"Toxicity reported for borates in humans: ingestion or absorption may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, anderythematous lesions on the skin and mucous membranes.

Other symptoms include: circulatory collapse, tachycardia, cyanosis, delirium, convulsions, and coma. Death has been reported to occur in infants from less than 5 grams and in adults from 5 to 20 grams."

"Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence"

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Product name: Sulfate No.2

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- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · Other information

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

	4.			
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ΛЧ	uuuc	LUZ	~! ~	·ity.

CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous

LC50 | 1085–1402 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (IUCLID) | 158 mg/l/96 h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (IUCLID) | LC50 | 340 mg/l/96h (fish)

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

(IUCLID)

EC50 133 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (ECOTOX)

LC50 50–100 mg/l/96h (rainbow trout) (ECOTOX)

· Bacterial toxicity:

CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous

EC5 1.3 mg/l (Entosiphon sulcatum) (72h)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Pow = n-octanol/wasser partition coefficient

log Pow < 1 = Does not accumulate in organisms.

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

log Pow | -1.09 (.) (OECD 107, 22°C) (Merck)

- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

- 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · 12.7 Other adverse effects Avoid transfer into the environment.
- · Water hazard:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue

16 05 06* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

GB

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SECTION 14:	Transport	in	format	ion
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· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA · Class	Void
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· 14.6 Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IM instruments	O Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Poisons Act UK
- · Regulated explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated
- Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57 see item 3 SVHC
- · Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH see item 3 SVHC
- · Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 30

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· Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC).

Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed (92/85/EEC).

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship

This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

· Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

· Relevant phrases

Causes serious eye irritation.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure

RE: repeated exposure

EC50: half maximal effective concentration IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of

Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation -

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database)

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

* Data compared to the previous version altered.