Lovibond® Water Testing

Tintometer® Group



Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS (HazCom 2012)

Printing date 08/08/2024 Reviewed on 08/08/2024

1 Identification

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: Sulphite Titrant S2
- · Catalogue number:

56Z018798, 56L018765, 56U018765, 56L018772, 56U018797, 56L018797, 56U018730, 56L018730, 56L018730, 56L018797

- · Application of the substance / the mixture: Reagent for water analysis
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Tintometer Inc. 6456 Parkland Drive Sarasota, FL 34243 USA phone: (941) 756-6410 fax: (941) 727-9654 www.lovibond.us Made in Germany

· Emergency telephone number: + 1 866 928 0789 (English, French, Spanish)

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture



GHS08 Health hazard

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 1 H372 Causes damage to the thyroid through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Oral.

- Label elements
- · GHS label elements The product is classified and labeled according to the Hazard Communication Standard (HCS).
- · Hazard pictograms



GHS08

- · Signal word Danger
- Hazard-determining components of labeling:

potassium iodide

Hazard statements

H372 Causes damage to the thyroid through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Oral.

· Precautionary statements

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

· Other hazards

The main intake pathways of potassium iodide are: inhalation of dust and solution aerosols, as well as oral ingestion.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Chemical characterization: Mixtures
- · Description: aqueous solution
- Composition and Information on Ingredients:

Percent ranges are used due to the confidential product information.

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium iodide EINECS: 231-659-4 RTECS: TT2975000

potassium iodide Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 1, H372 ≤2.5%

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· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- · After skin contact:

Immediately rinse with plenty of water.

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

· After eye contact:

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

If symptoms persist consult doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

irritating effect possible

resorption

after inhalation:

mucosal irritations, cough, breathing difficulty

after swallowing of large amounts:

vomiting

diarrhoea

headache

weakness

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Absorption: in case of iodine hypersensitivity, even after relatively low doses, acute respiratory and cardiovascular disorders (possibly shock), skin and mucous membrane reactions possible. (GESTIS)

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product is not combustible.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Hydrogen iodide (HI)

- · Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

6 Accidental release measures

- · Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Ensure adequate ventilation

- · Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · Environmental precautions:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

Dilute with plenty of water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders).

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Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- · Precautions for safe handling
- · Advice on safe handling: Prevent formation of aerosols.
- · Hygiene measures:

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from exposure to the light.

Protect from humidity and water.

- · Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C (approx. 68°F)
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Control parameters
- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium iodide

TLV (USA) Long-term value: 0.01 ppm

A4; Skin; *inhalation

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
- · Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

· Personal protective equipment:

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

- · Breathing equipment: Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fume/dust/aerosol.
- Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P2
- Protection of hands:

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Material of gloves

Nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm

Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level ≤ 1 (10 min)

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

use against the effects of fumes / dust

Use protective goggles that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards (like NIOSH).

· Body protection: Protective work clothing

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment:

Do not allow product to reach sewage system or any water course.

US -

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9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

· Appearance:

· Form / Physical state: Solution · Color: Colorless · Odor: Odorless · Odor threshold: Not applicable.

· pH-value at 20°C (68°F):

• Melting point/freezing point: Not determined.

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 100°C (212°F) (CAS: 7732-18-5 water)

· Flash point: Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas): The product is not combustible.

Not applicable. · Auto igniting: · Decomposition temperature: Not applicable.

· Auto-ignition temperature: Product is not self-igniting.

· Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Flammability or explosive limits:

Not applicable. Lower: Upper: Not applicable. · Oxidizing properties: none

· Vapor Pressure: Not determined. Density at 20°C (68°F): 1.03 g/cm³ (8.6 lbs/gal) · Relative density: Not determined. · Vapor density: Not determined. · Evaporation rate: Not determined.

· Solubility(ies)

· Water: Fully miscible.

· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not applicable (mixture).

· Viscosity:

Kinematic: Not determined.

· Other information

· Solids content: < 2.5 %

· Solvent content:

0 % Organic solvents: · Water: >95 %

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Corrosive to metals Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity see section "Possibility of hazardous reactions"
- · Chemical stability

Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature). sensitivity to light

- Possibility of hazardous reactions Reacts with oxidizing agents.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- · Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium ioc			potassium iodide
	Oral	LD50	2779 mg/kg (rat)
	D 1	1050	0400 // / 11:0

Dermal LD50 3160 mg/kg (rabbit)

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NOAEL 0.01 mg/kg /bw/d (human) organ: Thyroid

· Primary irritant effect:

- · on the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · on the eye: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Sensitization: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Information on components: The following applies to iodides in general: Sensitation possible at predisposed persons.
- · Carcinogenic categories

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

None of the ingredients is listed.

NTP (National Toxicology Program)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- Other information: see section 8 / 15
- · Synergistic Products: None
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction): The following statements refer to the mixture:
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure

Causes damage to the thyroid through prolonged or repeated exposure. Route of exposure: Oral.

· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Information on components:

OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing

OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing

OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium iodide

OECD 471 (negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test)
OECD 476 (negative) (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Mouse (lymhoma L5178Y cells)

· Additional toxicological information:

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium iodide

. (source: GESTIS)

Main Toxic Effects:

Acute: Irritation to the eyes, skin and airways, disturbance of thyroid function, cardiovascular effects, metabolic disturbances. Chronic: Disturbance of thyroid function, systemically conditioned skin damage and inflammation of the mucous membranes.

Furter Information (GESTIS, Merck):

Small amounts of iodine are essential for the body. However, long-term overdoses of iodine lead to disturbances in the thyroid function (hypo- and/or hyperthyroidism, possibly accompanied by thyroiditis). The effects are very complex.

Furthermore, symptoms of chronic iodine poisoning (iodine toxicosis, "iodism") can occur following intake of high doses of predisposed persons. They mainly consist of systemically conditioned irritation/inflammatory changes to the mucous membranes and skin.

lodide crosses the placenta and, when administered (orally) to pregnant women in very high doses, can lead to hypothyroidism and/or goiter in the fetus with deaths from tracheal compression

· Other information Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

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12 Ecological information

· Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

CAS: 7681-11-0 potassium iodide

EC50 7.5 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (OECD 202)

Vierck

LC50 3780 mg/l/96h (rainbow trout) (OECD 203)

Merck

· Persistence and degradability .

Other information:

Mixture of inorganic compounds.

Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Other adverse effects Avoid transfer into the environment.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation:

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to hazardous waste disposers.

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleansing agent: Water, if necessary with cleansing agents.

14 Transport information

· UN-Number	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
· UN proper shipping name	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	
· Class	none
· Packing group	
· DOT, IMDG, IATA	none
· Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
· Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
· Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/	78
and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

15 Regulatory information

- · Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Sara
- · Section 355 (Extremely hazardous substances):

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed.

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· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All components have the value ACTIVE.

Hazardous Air Pollutants

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Proposition 65

· Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed.

New Jersey Right-to-Know List:

CAS: 1310-73-2 sodium hydroxide

New Jersey Special Hazardous Substance List:

CAS: 1310-73-2 sodium hydroxide

CO, R1

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List:

CAS: 1310-73-2 sodium hydroxide

Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substance List:

CAS: 1310-73-2 sodium hydroxide

Ε

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Information about limitation of use:

Observe national regulations where applicable:

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed.

· Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· Version number / date of revision: 6 / 08/08/2024

Abbreviations and acronyms:

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure

RE: repeated exposure EC50: half maximal effective concentration

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ACGIH® - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

•A1 - Confirmed human carcinogen

•A2 - Suspected human carcinogen

•A3 - Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans

•A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

•A5 - Not suspected as a human carcinogen

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

•Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

•Group 2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans

•Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3 - Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans
Group 4 - Probably not carcinogenic to humans
NTP - National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

•Group K - Known to be Human Carcinogens

•Group R - Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogens

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

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DOT: US Department of Transportation
IATA: International Air Transport Association
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health

TLV: Threshold Limit Value
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 1: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 1

· Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

* * Data compared to the previous version altered.

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